## California Harmful Algae Risk Mapping (C-HARM) System:

## Connecting stakeholders to ecosystem change and developing next-generation harmful algal bloom models

Clarissa Anderson Executive Director

Southern California Coastal Ocean Observing System (SCCOOS)

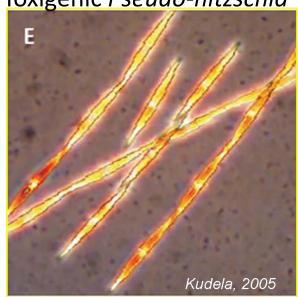
Scripps Institution of Oceanography

University of California, San Diego

California Sea Lion Mortality



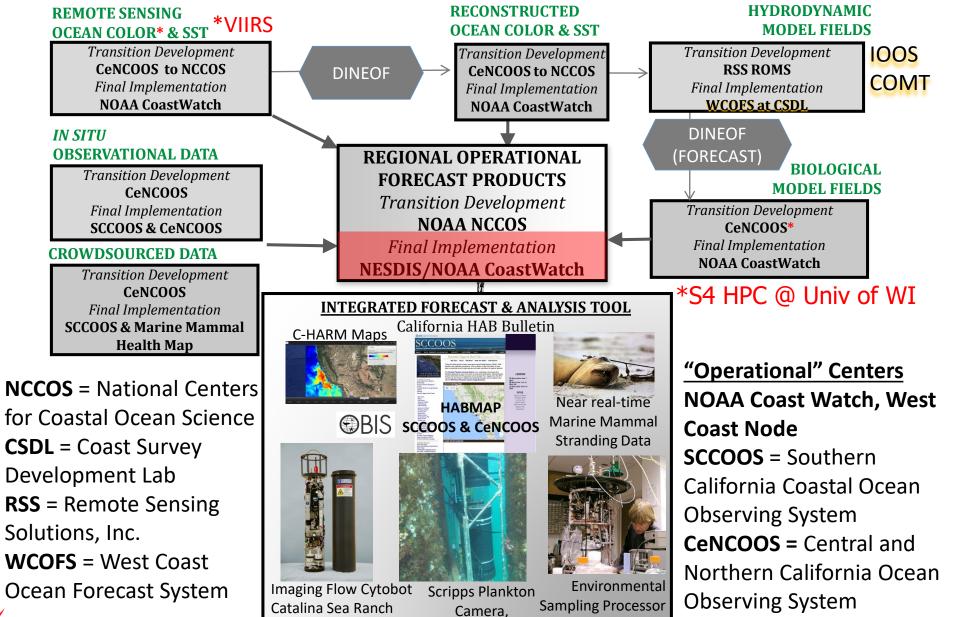
Toxigenic *Pseudo-nitzschia* 



California Sea Lion
Domoic Acid Toxicosis



#### California Harmful Algae Risk Mapping (C-HARM) System: CROSSING THE "VALLEY OF DEATH" to ARL9



Jules Jaffe

**SF and Monterey Bays** 

(ESP) - Monterey







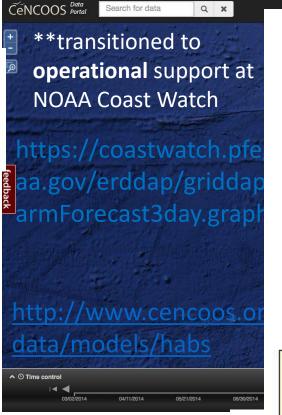


## California Harmful Algae Mapping (C-HARM) System

Anderson et al., Harmful Algae (2009), GRL (2011), Harmful Algae (2016)

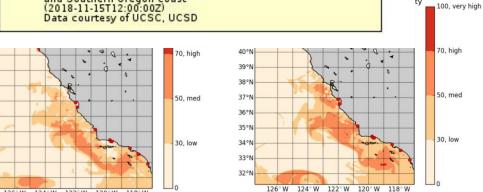


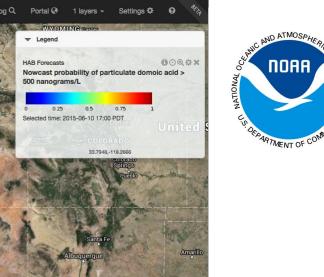




242° 236°

Probability of Cellular Domoic Acid > 10 picograms/cell (1) C-HARM 1-Day Advanced Forecast: Pseudo-Nitzschia, cellular domoic acid, and particulate domoic acid probability, California and Southern Oregon coast (2018-11-15T12:00:00Z) Data courtesy of UCSC, UCSD





Extensive collaboration with a partners on creation of a monthly CA HAB Bulletin distributed via listsery and **SCCOOS & HABMAP** 

Stakeholder engagement is done via web surveys and continual outreach to super end-users

#### LAST SLIDE FROM LAST YEAR'S PRESENTATION

#### **FUTURE WORK**

## Good-bye NASA, hello NOAA

- Create an empirical model that predicts higher-trophic level toxicity from coastal C-HARM predictions of domoic acid
   \*proposal to California Ocean Protection Council/Sea Grant
- Create end-to-end models of HAB risk and bioaccumulation in the food web in an ESM framework \*new funding from NOAA ECOHAB & former seed funding from the Packard Foundation:

Huge thanks to Woody Turner for this opportunity!





#### WHAT DID THE FUTURE ACTUALLY HOLD?

#### **IOOS COMT Project + Stakeholder Engagement + NOAA ECOHAB**

- > Test utility/performance of new West Coast Ocean Forecasting System (WCOFS) with C-HARM, EcoCast, and other ecological forecasting models
- New funding from IOOS Coastal Ocean Modeling Testbed (COMT)
- Connect stakeholders to ecosystem change through ecological forecasting
- Create end-to-end models of HAB risk and bioaccumulation in the food web in an Earth System Modeling Framework
- New funding from NOAA ECOHAB & former seed funding from the Packard Foundation

#### IOOS Coastal Ocean Modeling Testbed (COMT) Project

Advancing the West Coast Ocean Forecasting System through Assessment, Model Development, and Ecological Products

<u>Technical PI</u>: Chris Edwards, UCSC <u>Transition PI</u>: Clarissa Anderson, SCCOOS Co-PIs:

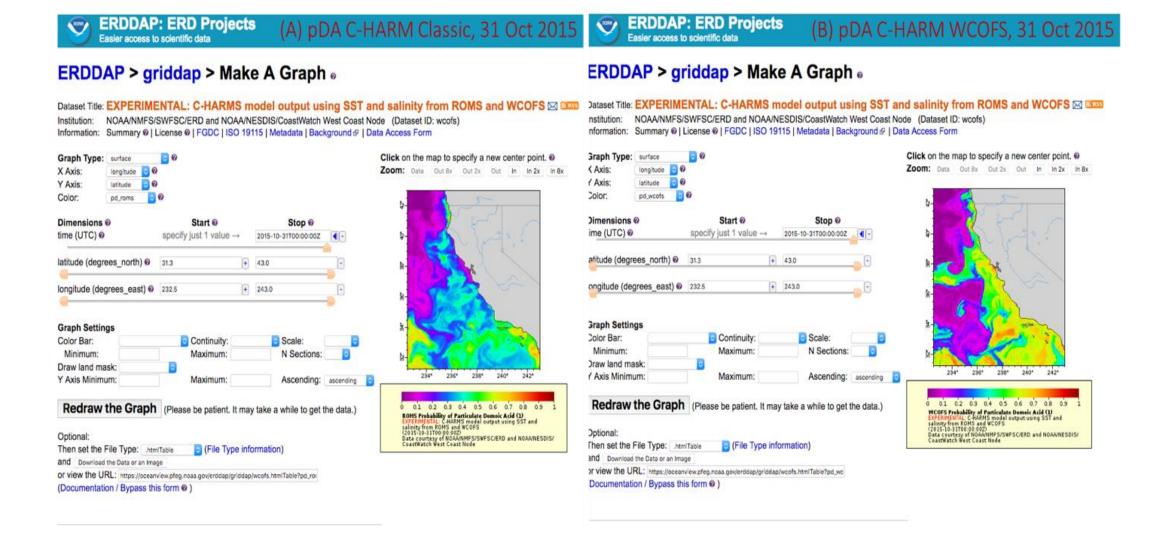
Alexandre Kurapov, NOAA CO-OPS
Elliott Hazen, SWFSC
Michael Jacox, SWFSC
Jerome Fiechter, UCSC
Raphe Kudela, UCSC
Dale Robinson, CoastWatch-West Coast
Henry Ruhl, CeNCOOS
Jan Newton, NANOOS

NOAA Integrated Ocean Observing
System (IOOS) Coastal Ocean
Modeling Testbed: ROMS domains on
the west coast: WCOFS, UCSC, CA,
OSU, LiveOcean (UW). Despite
considerable domain overlap, important
differences exist between models in
terms of resolution, forcing,
biogeochemistry and data assimilation

Evaluate C-HARM, EcoCast, & NEMURO with WCOFS

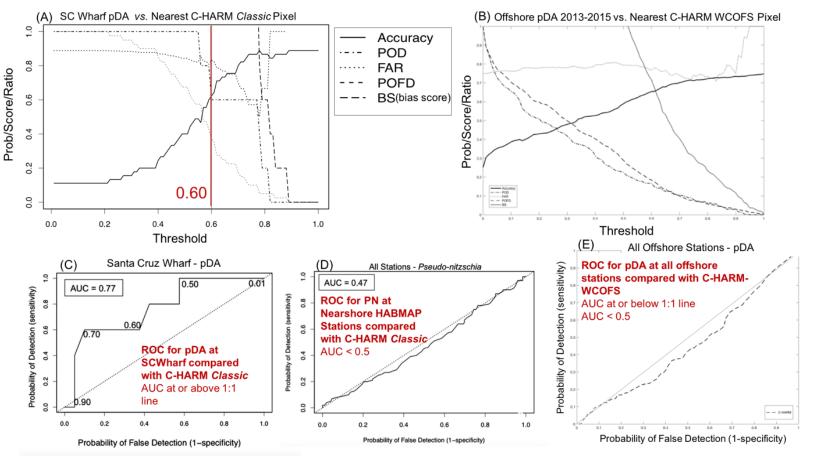
#### **IOOS Coastal Ocean Modeling Testbed (COMT) Project**

C-HARM Classic and C-HARM-WCOFS both served on ERDDAP for evaluation



## **IOOS Coastal Ocean Modeling Testbed (COMT) Project**

#### Preliminary Comparison of nearshore data with C-HARM Classic and C-HARM-WCOFS



C-HARM Classic is compared with nearshore HAB monitoring data and with offshore samples collected on 2013 and 2015 cruises and compiled for this study.

**Take-home:** When C-HARM-*WCOFS* is compared with offshore HAB data, the ROC is similar to that when C-HARM *Classic* is compared with nearshore HAB data from a broad geographic range, and is less "accurate" than when C-HARM *Classic* was compared with offshore HAB data.

#### WHAT DID THE FUTURE ACTUALLY HOLD?

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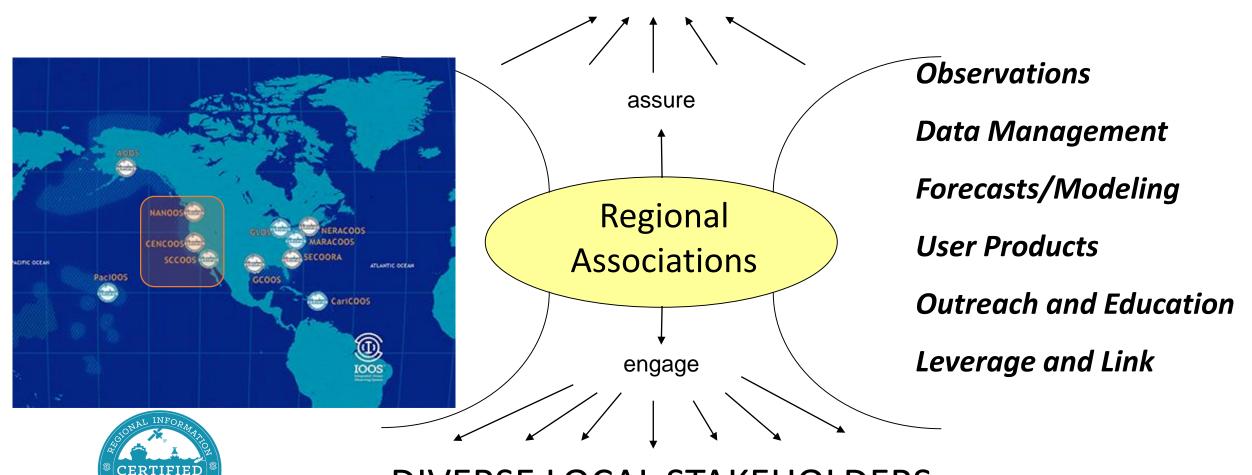






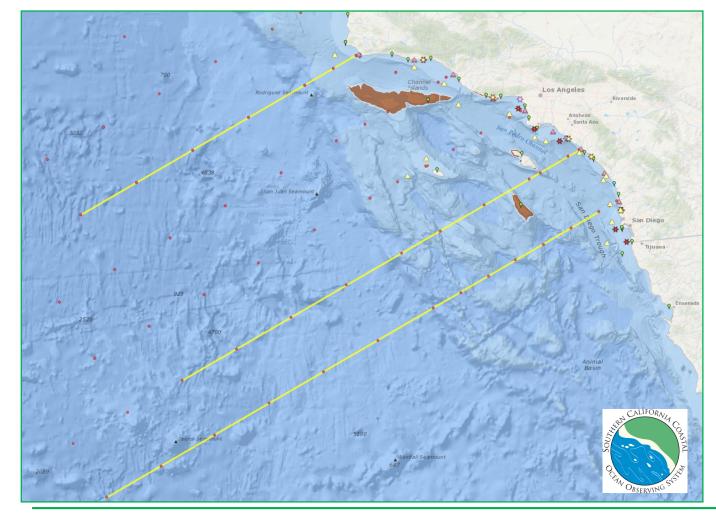


#### CONSISTENT NATIONAL CAPABILITY



**DIVERSE LOCAL STAKEHOLDERS** 

## Southern California Coastal Ocean Observing System (SCCOOS)



SCCOOS is a sciencebased decision support system. We provide scientific data and information necessary to address coastal issues.







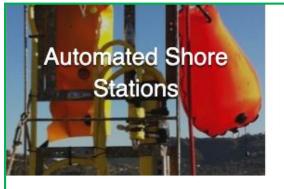






## **Technologies**

























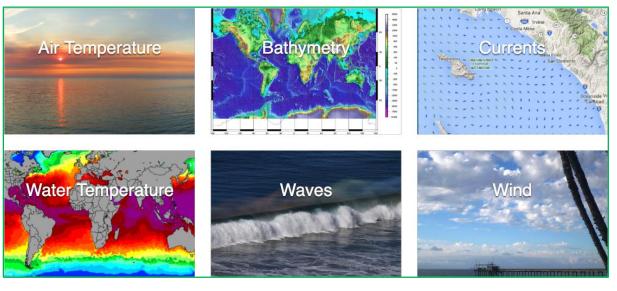


http://sccoos.org/technologies/

## **Observations – Essential Ocean Variables (GOOS)**



#### **Physics**



## **Biology and Ecosystems**



#### Biogeochemistry

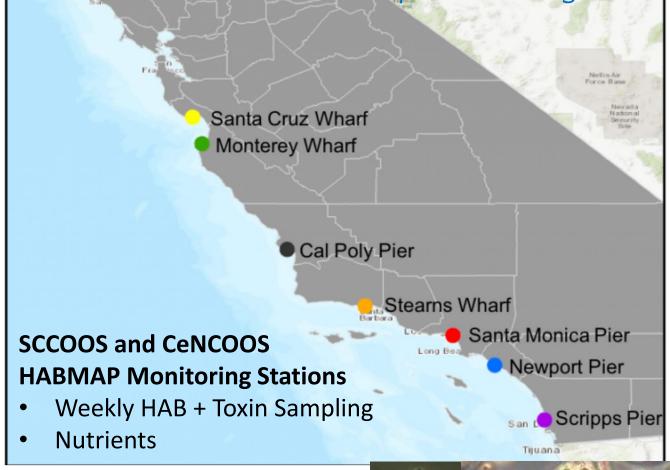


http://sccoos.org/observations/

Water Quality: Harmful Algal Blooms – SCCOOS & CeNCOOS monitor shore

stations from San Diego to Santa Cruz for toxins from phytoplankton and measures

environmental conditions at piers through our Automated Shore Station Program





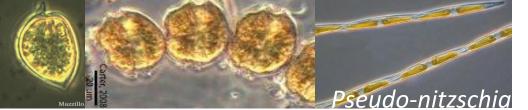




Pls: M. Carter, J. McGowan,

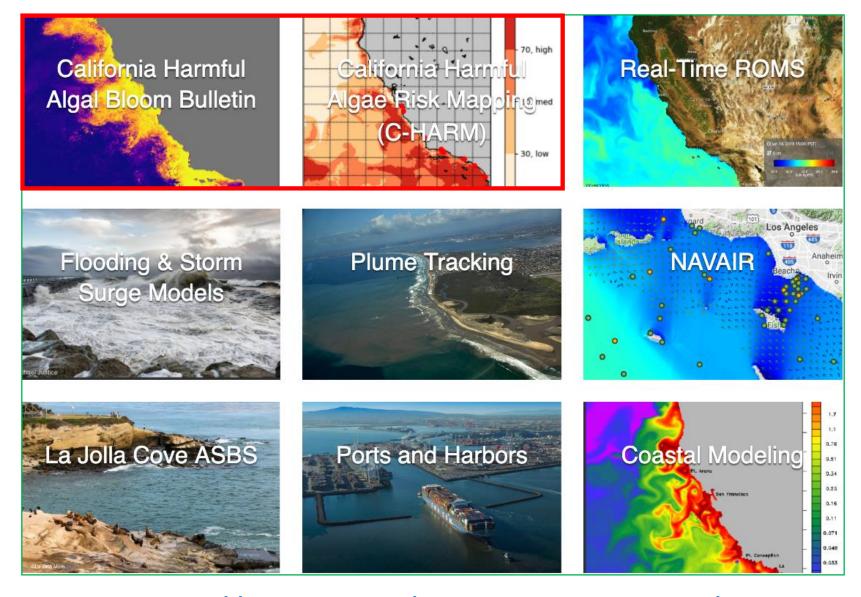
- C. Anderson, D. Caron
- R. Shipe, M. Brzezinski,
- R. Walter/A. Pasulka





## **Products and Tools**





http://sccoos.org/products-and-tools/

#### **California HAB Bulletin**

#### What is the CA HAB Bulletin?

The purpose of this *experimental* product is to give the public and resource managers a quick outlook of recent toxic (marine) algal blooms in coastal California from models and aggregate data sets. Monthly reports synthesize model output, near real-time observations, animal strandings, and public health alerts to provide a more complete picture of the regional variability in harmful algal blooms for stakeholders.

#### **Contributors and Stakeholders**

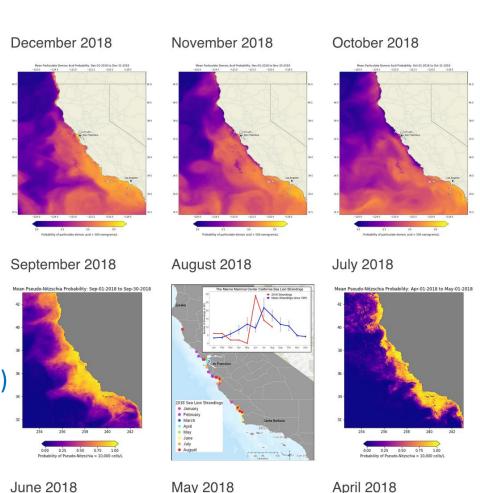
- Aquaculture facilities
- California Department of Public Health (CDPH)
- Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA)
- NOAA Fisheries Southwest Fisheries Science Center (SWFSC)
- Marine mammal rescue groups
- NOAA NCCOS national HAB end-users
- Academia

#### sccoos.org/california-hab-bulletin/

Overview Data Products News Documents Projects

#### **CA HAB Bulletin Archives**

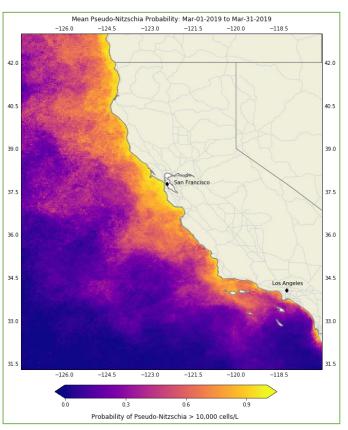
Please subscribe to CA HAB Bulletin listsery to receive the monthly CA HAB Bulletin.



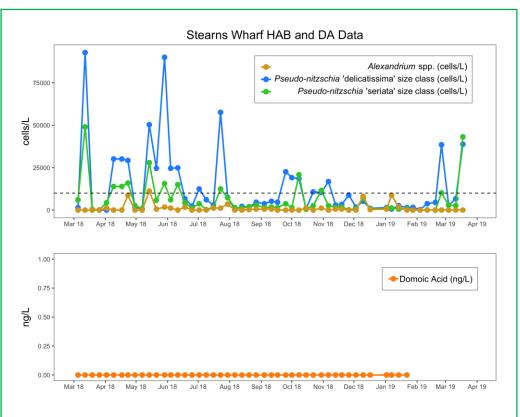
#### California HAB Bulletin

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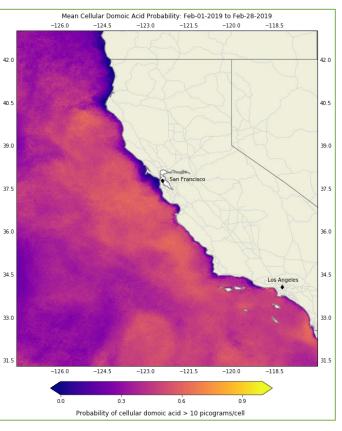
C-HAR M Pseudo-nitzschia, March 2019



HAB Monitoring Alert Program (HABMAP)



C-HAR M Particulate DA, Feb 2019



HABMAP monitoring at 7-9 stations for HAB species and domoic acid

#### **California HAB Bulletin**



The Marine Mammal Center (TMMC) – Sea lion strandings due to domoic acid toxicosis



CA Department of Public Health (CDPH)



## Stranding Rescue Centers



#### WHAT DID THE FUTURE ACTUALLY HOLD?

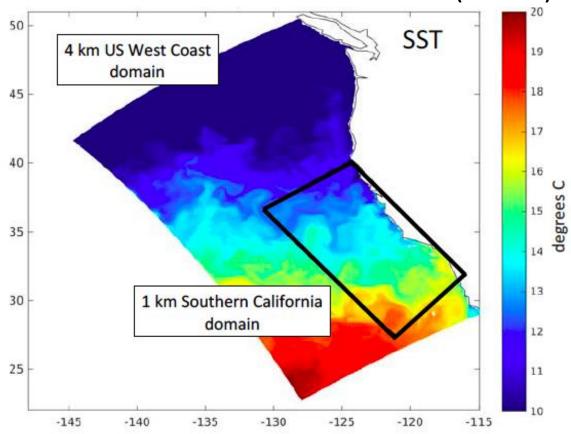
#### IOOS COMT Project + Stakeholder Engagement + NOAA ECOHAB

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## High(ish)-R esolution (Nested) Coupled Models

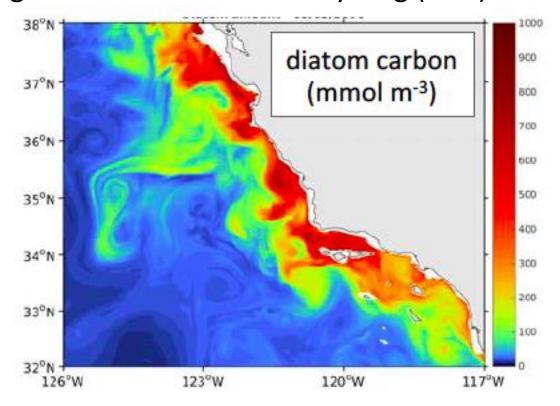
-regional downscaling of the physics + moderate biological complexity in the ecosystem model

REGIONAL OCEAN MODEL SYSTEM (ROMS)



uses nested grids to move across scales (e.g. Shchepetkin and McWilliams, 2003) -atmospheric boundary conditions from WR F

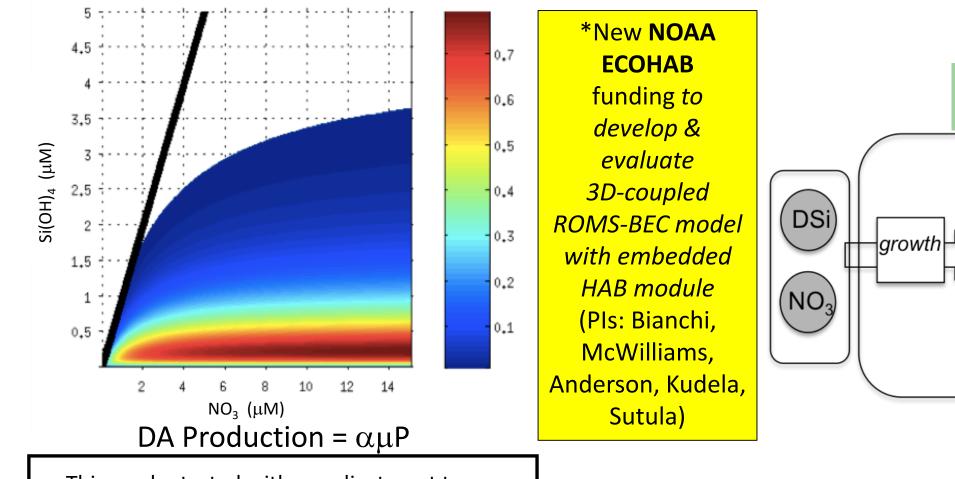
R OMS coupled to the Biogeochemical Elemental Cycling (BEC) model

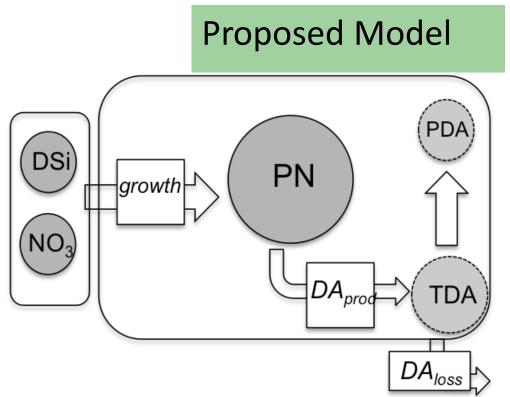


McWilliams-Gruber-Deutsch-Bianchi **2-km** configuration (1978-2013)

(does not resolve rivers or point-source discharge)

# High(ish)-R esolution (Nested) Coupled Models with explicit representation of HAB species + toxins





This can be tested with an adjustment to  $\alpha$ :  $\alpha = \beta \left[1 - \min((SiLim/NO_3Lim), 1)\right]^{\gamma}$ 

Anderson, Edwards, Goebel, & Kudela, unpublished

Silicic Acid and Nitrate are the fundamental limiting factors driving toxin production in this mechanistic model.

## Thanks to NASA ASP for this opportunity



NASA Applied Sciences,
Ocean Biology and
Biogeochemistry,
Energy and Water Cycle



#### **Collaborators**:

Raphe Kudela Mati Kahru Yi Chao Fred Bahr Dale Robinson Rick Stumpf Yizhen Li Eric Bjorkstedt **Brett Stacey** 



NOAA NCCOS CR P MERHAB & ECOHAB NOAA OAP







